



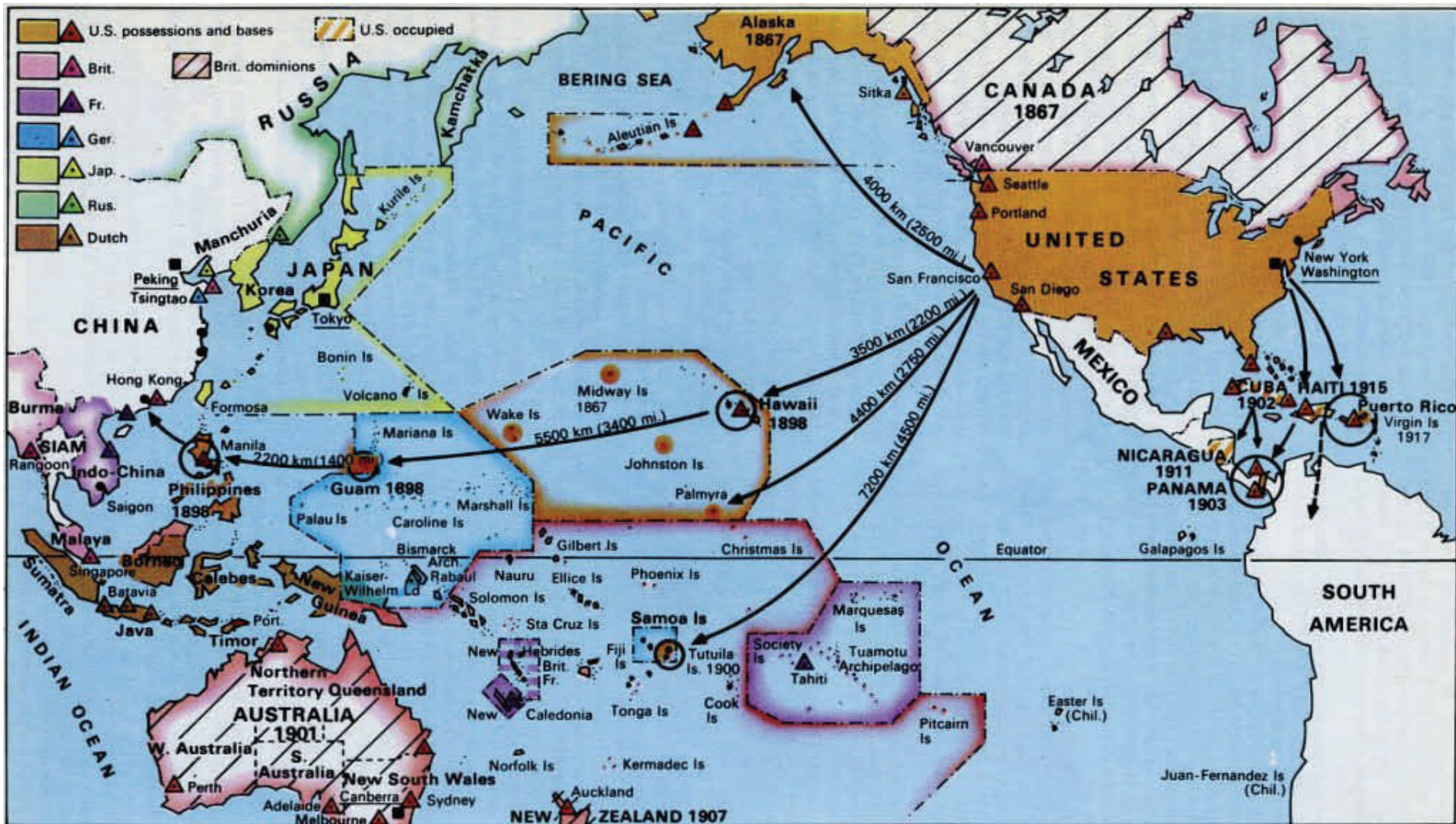


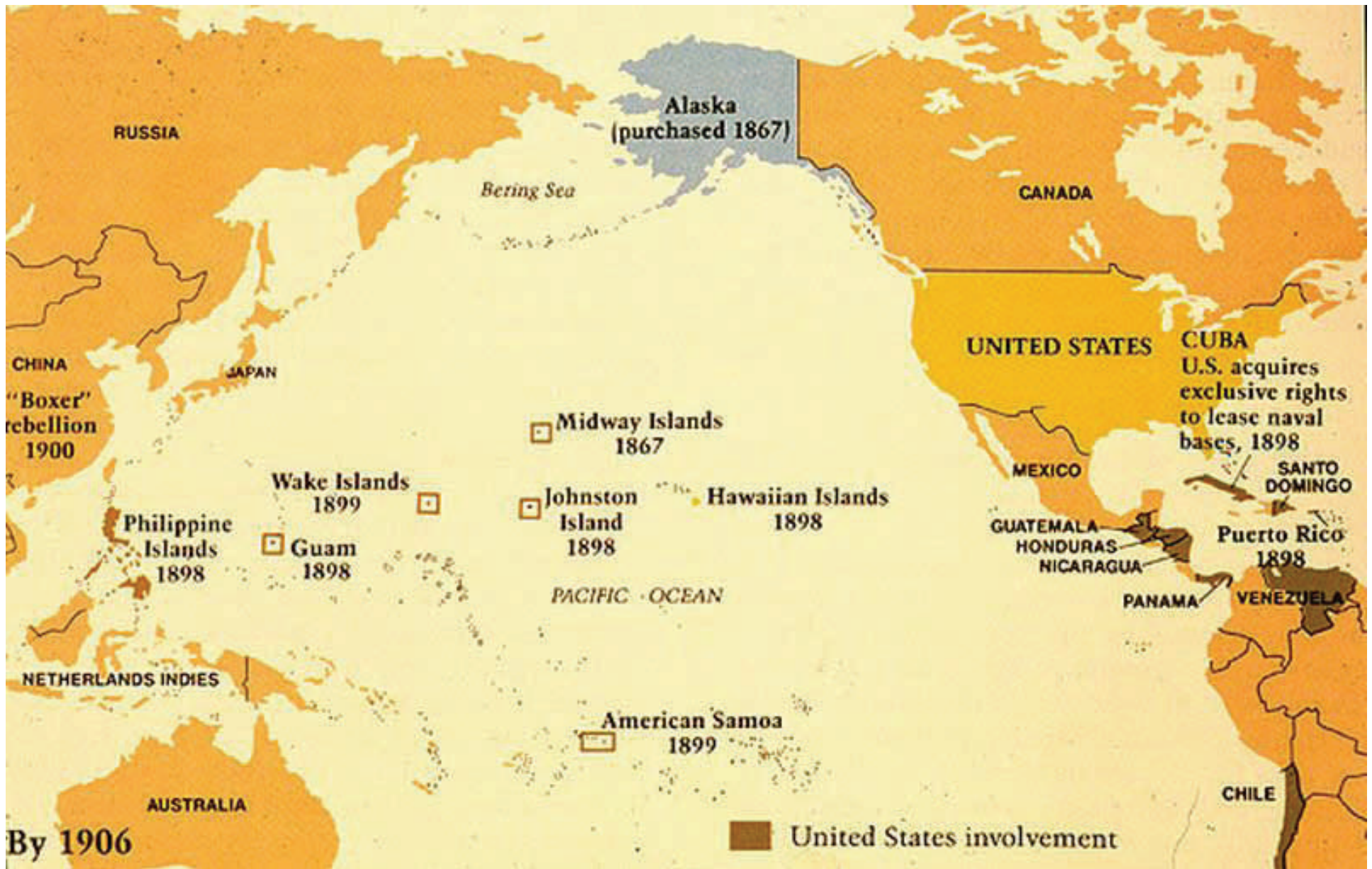
Asia



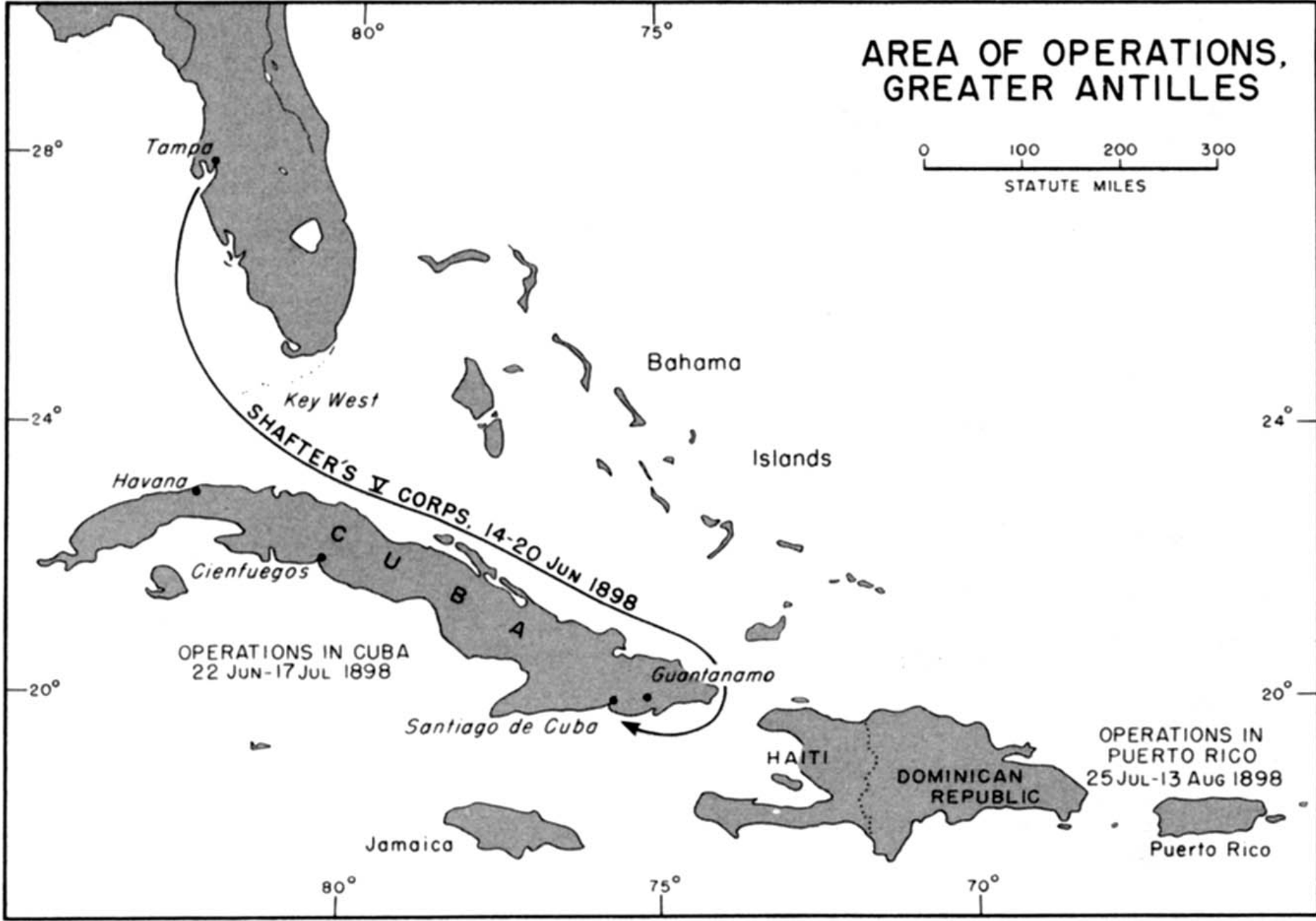
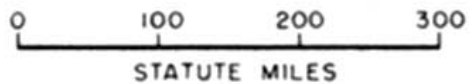
0 1000 miles
0 1000 kms

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AREA OF OPERATIONS, GREATER ANTILLES





The war was fought in the Spanish colonies of the Philippines and Cuba. On June 22, 1898, the United States landed 15,000 soldiers southeast of Santiago de Cuba. The troops engaged and defeated Spanish land forces July 1 around the city. The most famous engagement was Lieutenant Colonel Theodore Roosevelt's charge up Kettle Hill during the Battle of San Juan Hill. Meanwhile, U.S. naval forces blockaded the harbor of Santiago de Cuba. Spanish ships tried to run the blockade as soon as the land engagements had begun, but pursuing American naval vessels sank or forced the fleeing ships aground. No serious damage occurred to any U.S. ships.

85°W

80°W

75°W

70°W

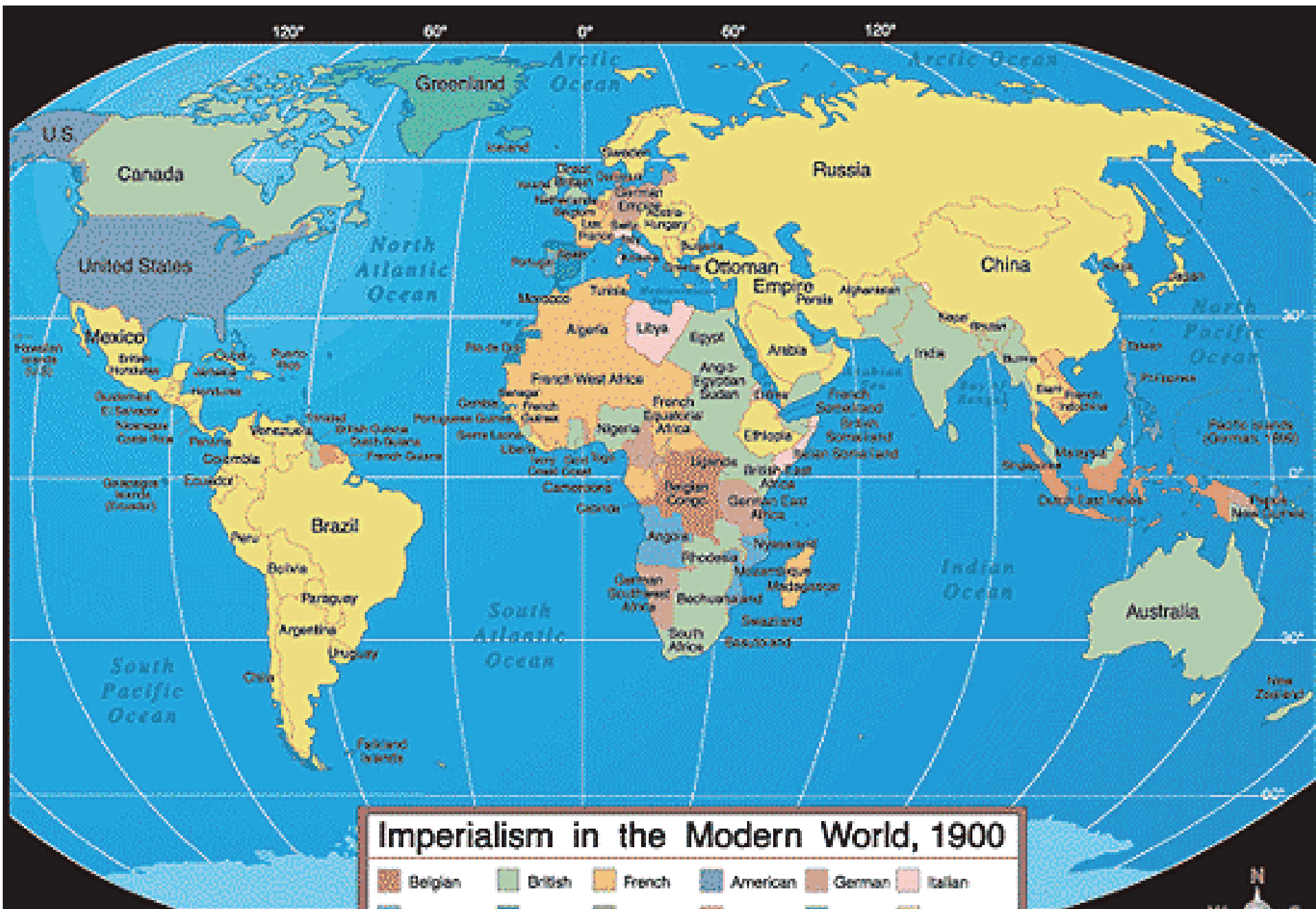
85°W



Spanish American War, Caribbean

Spanish territory	U.S. forces	U.S. victories
Other areas	Spanish forces	U.S. naval blockade





Imperialism in the Modern World, 1900

Belgian	British	French	American	German	Italian
Portuguese	Spanish	Japanese	Dutch	Danish	Independent





Asian Imperialism to 1910